42nd Anniversary Iran Hostage Crisis and Operation EAGLE CLAW

DICE REGION VIII
VETERANS' DAY 2022

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

had so, my fellar Americans: ask hot what your country can do for your country. An thur

Birth of SOF

- Outcome of Iranian failure and poor performance in Grenada
- President Carter is not re-elected brings in Reagan Era
- ▶ 1983 Grenada and Beirut
 - ▶ FBI forms the Hostage Rescue Team (trained by Delta)
- Presidential Directive on Terrorism
- Congress demands more action by DoD
 - October 1986 Goldwater-Nichols Act & SOCOM
 - Warfighting authority moves from Service Chiefs to GCCs

November 4, 1979

Student militants incite thousands of Iranians to seize the US Embassy – 66 Americans are taken hostage (3 in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs), 6 others avoid capture and are hidden by the Canadian Embassy





US Embassy - Iranian Ministry of Foreign Affairs









Joint Task Force 1-79

Task Force Headquarters

- Created within a week of November 4, 1979
- ► Less than 75 personnel
- ► Key personnel from JCS J3 Special Operations Division (today's DDSO)
- MG James Vaught, MG Phillip Gast, COL Jerry King, Lt Col Rod Lenahan

Operational Units

- ▶ 1st SFOD-D; Detachment A (Berlin); C Company 1st Ranger Bn
- ▶ 1st Special Operations Wing; Military Airlift Command C-141s and Tankers
- ► Ad hoc helicopter squadron

Operational Concepts Considered and Discarded

- Airborne infiltration
- ► Airlanding in Tehran or outlying airfield seizure
- Clandestine land infiltration

Out of Range for One Night Mission



Friendly Situation on November 4

- No advance indicators and warning of the event
- Middle East in turmoil with no close-in launch bases for US
- ▶ No stay-behind intelligence agents in Iran
- US Special Operations at a low ebb
 - <4,000 Special Forces and 3 Ranger Battalions</p>
 - ▶ 1st SFOD-D completed international validation on November 4
 - Only one Air Force Special Ops Wing with only 20 aircraft
 - <1,000 SEALS, no Marine Special Operations</p>
 - Few air-refuelable helicopters
- No Standing Counterterrorism Headquarters

Enemy Situation on 4 November 1979

- Unknown number of hostage-takers
- Modernized Iranian military
 - ▶ M60 tanks; F-14, F-4 and F-5 aircraft
 - ► Improved HAWK air defense missile systems
 - ▶ 415,000 in uniform
 - Paramilitary police units
 - Pasdaran (today's Revolutionary Guards)
- Tehran population of 5 million with anti-American sentiments

Enemy on 24 April 1980

- ▶ Guard Force
 - ▶ Day 60, night 40 armed with G-3 rifles and pistols
 - ► Mostly students, Pasdaran militia, Fatah trained militants, Student/Religious leaders, PLO Advisors
- ▶ Reaction Force
 - ▶ 0-5 minutes: local guards, surrounding buildings
 - ▶ 10-15 minutes: Student HQ, Pasdaran militia 75-100
 - ▶ 15-30 minutes: Pasdaran reinforcements 200+
 - ▶ 45-60 minutes: IRG and 2,000-3,000 local mob
 - ► 60 minutes: time for Iranian to launch Army Helos and Air Force F-4s, F-14As



Final Operational Concept: 3 Phases and 2 Nights

- ▶ Phase 1
 - Desert 1 refuel site recon and landing lights emplacement (March)
 - ► CIA puts Bob Plan into Tehran
 - ▶ Procurement of trucks and warehouse
 - Covert infiltration of 4-person advance team
 - ▶ Recon of Ministry of Foreign Affairs
 - Move to Intermediate & Forward Staging bases
 - ▶ Wadi Qena in Egypt
 - ► Masirah Island, Oman; and USS Nimitz



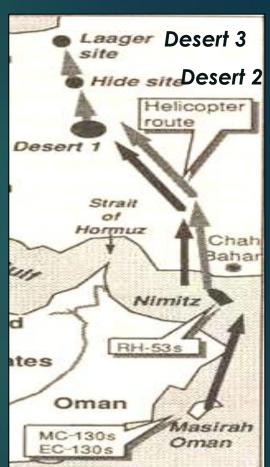
Phase 1 Actions Determined the Night

One Plan Laager Iraq Kuwait Qatar Arabia Arab RH-53 Sudan **Emirates** N. S. Yemen Yemen Diibouti Ocean Ethiopia

Final Operational Concept

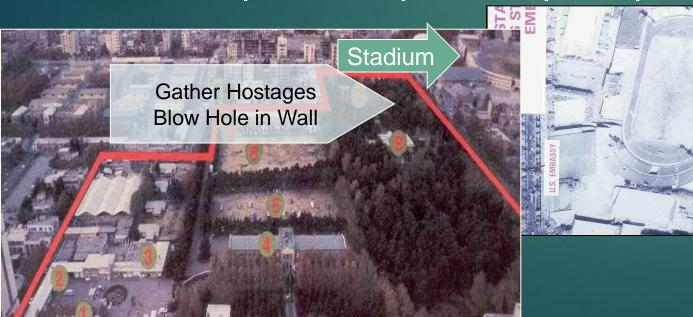
▶ Phase 2 (Night 1)

- ▶ 1 MC-130 to launch from Masirah at same time 8 helos launch from USS Nimitz check LZ and establish security
- ▶ 2 MC-130s & 3 EC-130s w/fuel depart Masirah an hour later
- About 1 hour after first MC-130 lands, other five MC/EC-130s arrive followed by helos
- Refuel helos and deliver Assault Force to Desert 2 Garmsar area
- Helos fly to Desert 3, mountainous area and locate suitable landing zone
- ▶ Hide out for the day



Final Operational Concept

- Phase 3 (Night 2)
- ▶ Vehicle movement to Embassy & MFA; Recover hostages
- 4 AC-130s provide support in Tehran; (E&E)
- Assault Force move hostages to Soccer stadium
- ▶ 1 Helo extracts Det A and 3 hostages from MFA
- Rangers seize Manzariyeh airstrip for Helos, 3 MC-130s
 2 C-141s (one hospital configuration)
- Move to Manzariyeh on helicopters, destroy helicopters, C-141 exfil





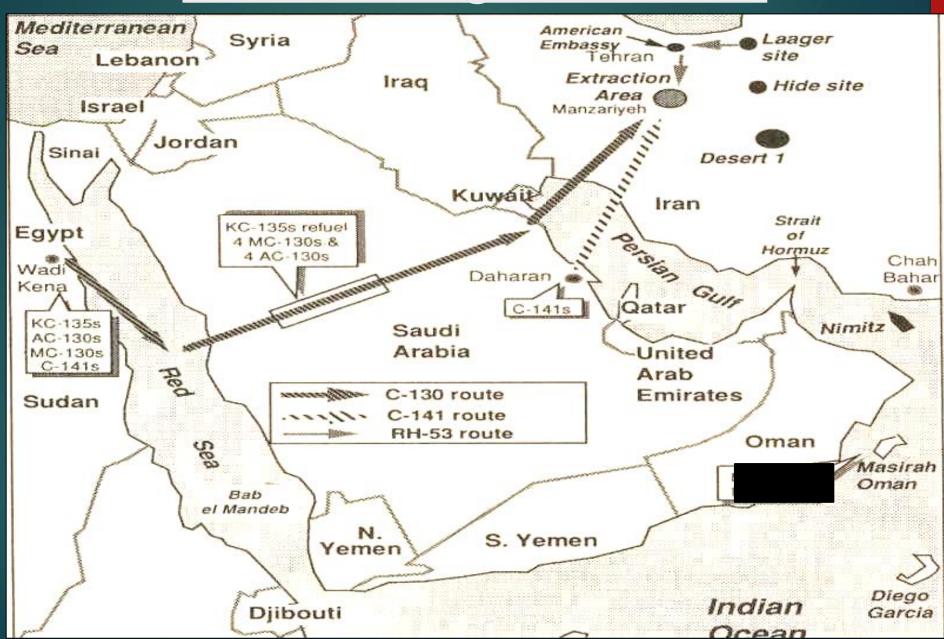








Air flow - Night Two Plan



Rangers – Security Force







3 MC-130 and 3 EC-130s



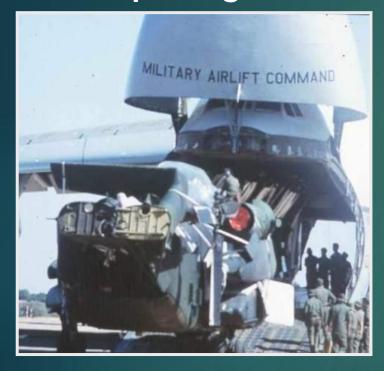
EC-130 (refuel) in Accident

NVG & Cockpit Limitations



Navy RH-53 Sea Stallion Mine Sweeper, Marine Role

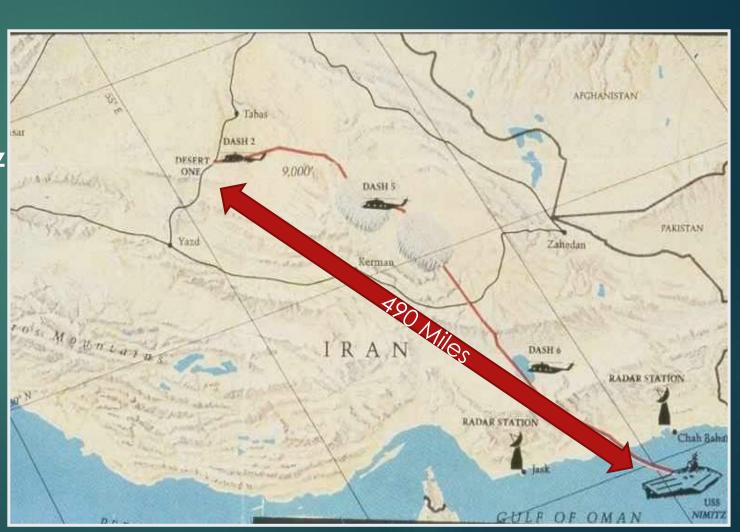
Departing the US

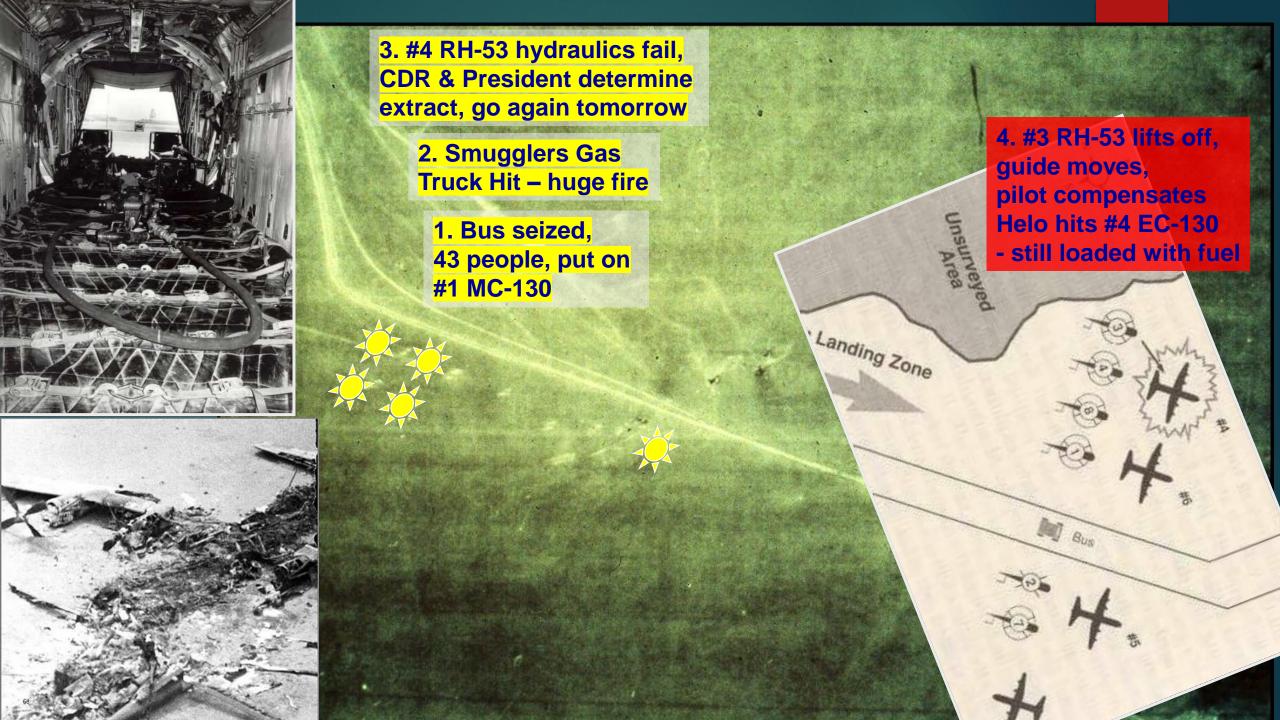


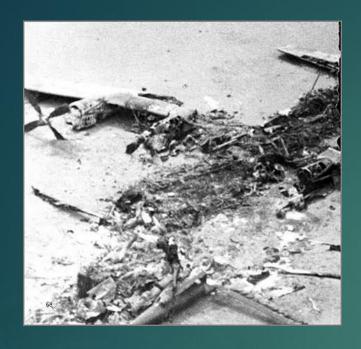


So, What Happened?

- MC & EC130s arrive on schedule
- Helicopters begin to arrive an hour later
 - ▶ Jim Schaefer is the first one in
 - ▶ 6 of 8 arrive, 6 are required
- Only 5 <u>flyable</u> helos... Abort
- Plan is to fly helos back to the Nimitz
- Helicopter banks into EC-130 with B Squadron on board
- Disaster













20 January 1981

▶ 444 days after the seizure, 52 Hostages are released!





Initial Capabilities that Evolved



No Greater Love has a man than this, that he lay down his life for his friends.

John 19:13



TSG Joel C. Mayo, USAE age 34



CAFT Charles T. McMillan II, USAF, age 28



MAJ Harold L. Lewis, Jr., USAF, age 35



CAPT Lyn D. McIntosh, USAF, age 33



SGT John D. Harvey, USMC, age 21



CPL George N. Holmes, Jr., USMC, age 22



MAJ Richard L. Bakke, USAF, age 33



SSGT Dewey L. Johnson, USMC, age 31